IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as indicated below. The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Claims 1-19 (cancelled)

Claim 20 (currently amended): A method of preventing or treating a disease in a host, comprising administering to the host an effective amount of a vaccine comprising a modified *Listeria monocytogenes* bacterium, wherein the nucleic acid of the modified bacterium comprises (i) psoralen-induced interstrand crosslinks introduced between the strands of genomic DNA double helix, said interstrand crosslinks inhibiting replication of said modified adducts that attenuate the modified bacterium for proliferation relative to the bacterium-without the adducts, wherein the bacterium further comprises a (ii) one or more genetic mutations in *uvrA* and *uvrB* genes inhibiting excision repair of said interstrand crosslinks, and (iii) a nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide heterologous to said *Listeria monocytogenes* bacterium operably linked to a promoter sequence directing expression of the heterologous polypeptide by the modified bacterium that attenuates the ability of the bacterium to repair its modified nucleic acid relative to wild type.

Claim 21 (currently amended): A method of inducing an immune response in a host to an antigen comprising administering to the host an effective amount of a vaccine comprising a modified *Listeria monocytogenes* bacterium, wherein the nucleic acid of the modified bacterium comprises (i) psoralen-induced interstrand crosslinks introduced between the strands of genomic DNA double helix, said interstrand crosslinks inhibiting replication of said modified adducts that attenuate the modified bacterium for proliferation relative to the bacterium without the adducts, (ii) one or more genetic mutations in *uvrA* and *uvrB* genes inhibiting excision repair of said interstrand crosslinks, and (iii) a nucleic acid sequence encoding wherein the modified bacterium expresses the antigen operably linked to a promoter sequence directing expression of the antigen by the modified bacterium, wherein said antigen is heterologous to said *Listeria monocytogenes* bacterium.

Claims 22-86 (cancelled)

Claim 87 (currently amended): The method of claim 20, wherein the <u>interstrand crosslinks are introduced</u> nucleic acid of the modified bacterium has been modified by reaction with 4'-(4-amino-2-oxa)butyl-4,5',8-trimethylpsoralen activated by irradiation.

Claims 88-105 (cancelled)

Claim 106 (currently amended): The method of claim 2099, wherein the genetic mutations in *uvr* gene(s) comprise deletions in the is in one or more gene selected from the group consisting of *uvrA*, and *uvrB*, and *uvrC* genes such that the modified bacterium does not produce functional *uvrA* and *uvrB* gene products.

Claim 107 (cancelled)

Claim 108 (withdrawn): The method of claim 107, wherein the *Listeria* further comprises a mutation in the *actA* gene, the *inlB* gene, or both genes, wherein the mutation in the *actA* gene attenuates the ability of the *Listeria* to spread relative to wild type and the mutation in the *inlB* gene attenuates the ability of the *Listeria* to invade at least some cells relative to wild type.

Claim 109 (cancelled)

Claim 110 (previously presented): The method of claim 20, wherein the vaccine further comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or an adjuvant.

Claim 111 (currently amended): The method of claim 20, wherein the bacterial gene expression of the bacterium is substantially unaffected by the <u>interstrand crosslinks</u>-modification of the nucleic acid of the bacterium.

Claim 112 (previously presented): The method of claim 20, wherein the disease is an infectious disease.

Claim 113 (currently amended): The method of claim 20109, wherein the disease is cancer.

Claims 114-117 (cancelled)

Claim 118 (currently amended): The method of claim 21, wherein the <u>interstrand crosslinks are</u> <u>introduced nucleic acid of the modified bacterium has been modified</u> by reaction with 4'-(4-amino-2-oxa)butyl-4,5',8-trimethylpsoralen activated by irradiation.

Claims 119-136 (cancelled)

Claim 137 (currently amended): The method of claim 21, wherein the genetic mutations in <u>uvr</u> gene(s) comprise deletions in the is in one or more gene selected from the group consisting of <u>uvrA</u>, and <u>uvrB</u> genes such that the modified bacterium does not produce functional <u>uvrA</u> and <u>uvrB</u> gene products.

Claim 138 (cancelled)

Claim 139 (withdrawn): The method of claim 138, wherein the *Listeria* further comprises a mutation in the *actA* gene, the *inlB* gene, or both genes, wherein the mutation in the *actA* gene attenuates the ability of the *Listeria* to spread relative to wild type and the mutation in the *inlB* gene attenuates the ability of the *Listeria* to invade at least some cells relative to wild type.

Claim 140 (cancelled)

Claim 141 (previously presented): The method of claim 21, wherein the vaccine further comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or an adjuvant.

Claim 142 (currently amended): The method of claim 21, wherein the bacterial gene expression of the bacterium is substantially unaffected by the <u>interstrand crosslinks</u> modification of the nucleic acid of the bacterium.

Claim 143 (currently amended): The method of claim $\underline{21440}$, wherein the antigen is a tumor antigen.

Claim 144 (previously presented): The method of claim 143, wherein the tumor antigen is mesothelin, SPAS-1, proteinase-3, SP-17, gp100, PAGE-4, TARP, Her-2/neu, WT-1, NY-ESO-1, PSMA, K-ras, survivin, mcm-2, or CEA, or an antigen derived from mesothelin, SPAS-1, proteinase-3, SP-17, gp100, PAGE-4, TARP, Her-2/neu, WT-1, NY-ESO-1, PSMA, K-ras or CEA.

Claim 145 (currently amended): The method of claim <u>21</u>140, wherein the antigen is an infectious disease antigen.

Claim 146 (previously presented): The method of claim 145, wherein the antigen is derived from a Human Immundeficiency Virus or a hepatitis virus.

Claim 147 (previously presented): The method of claim 146, wherein the antigen is derived from hepatitis C virus.

Claims 148-189 (cancelled)